



Legal Tech: Data Literacy is a Core Competency for the GC

Skills and Professional Development

Technology, Privacy, and eCommerce



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The rise of generative AI technologies presents new opportunities for general counsel, with one GC recently sharing an intriguing insight, saying, “The legal department is a vital connection point across a company’s fragmented data landscape. Because of that, a GC’s core role now requires a deep understanding of data across various domains.”

Delving deeper, she explained, “On the legal team, privacy experts, eDiscovery specialists, and compliance officers each have a unique perspective on the organization’s data story. But no individual sees the complete picture.”

She added, “Business stakeholders such as the chief information officer, chief security officer, IT team members, and others manage specific risks. They each fight individual fires without considering the full data landscape.”

3. Know how to ensure fairness in AI-based decision-making processes.

Success requires a firm grasp of fundamental data concepts, including data types, sources, quality, and reliability. With these skills, you can make informed decisions and work to ensure fairness in AI-generated outputs.

Comply with data privacy and protection laws and regulations.

Data protection laws such as the General Data Protection Regulation, the California Consumer Privacy Act, and others impose strict requirements on collecting, processing, and storing personal data. They also raise ethical concerns about consent and transparency.

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Even gaining a foothold in AI's ever-changing risk landscape requires understanding the collection, storage, processing, and transfer of sensitive data in LLMs and other AI systems.

Data-related risks continue to grow in complexity. Today, companies can customize AI tools using their data to train AI models for specific use cases. However, doing so can introduce new risks and amplify others, such as unauthorized access and data loss. As unknown risks and new laws and regulations arise, GCs will help companies implement best practices for data protection and risk mitigation against data breaches and other types of cyberattacks.

Guide IP, contracts, and licensing agreements.

In-house lawyers may need to identify potential intellectual property issues related to the datasets AI systems ingest and the outputs they generate, including fair use policies and copyright infringement.



Data literacy will help in-house counsel weave narratives out of threads of data. Artwork by Visual Generation / *Shutterstock.com*

Many in-house lawyers must evaluate vendor agreements that involve data considerations. As organizations collaborate through data sharing or the use of AI systems, GCs will need to review, negotiate, and draft contracts that address data ownership, licensing rights, confidentiality obligations, and liability considerations.

In most instances, data holds value and can be a source of competitive advantage. Data literacy skills are essential to ensure the data AI uses is appropriate, compliant, and not misused. For example, legal work can get complicated when AI uses data from multiple sources, such as public and proprietary databases, which may be subject to differing laws and regulations.

Industry-specific compliance with AI requirements.

Because GCs help shape organizations' legal strategy and direction, they stay up-to-date with many industry regulations and standards (e.g., HIPAA, FINRA, the SEC, etc.). As business grows increasingly AI- and data-driven, regulations and standards to govern AI systems will arise, particularly for healthcare, finance, and consumer protection.

Lawyers need sharp data literacy skills to assess the legality, ethical implications, and potential risks of using AI systems.



Data literacy elevates compliance from a reactive endeavor to a proactive strategy. Artwork by [TarikVision](#) / Shutterstock.com

Whatever shape future regulations take, [in-house legal teams must understand data governance and data-related processes](#) to strategize, make informed decisions, mitigate legal challenges, and comply with industry-specific requirements.

As a legal leader, you work at the intersection of many different perspectives, requiring that you not only understand, analyze, and use data but also monitor, protect, and manage data efficiently.

Legal is a crucial connector of data across the enterprise.

The legal department is a crucial connector among business parties across a complex and fragmented data landscape. As a legal leader, you work at the intersection of many different perspectives, requiring that you not only understand, analyze, and use data but also monitor, protect, and manage data efficiently. This makes it imperative to prioritize data literacy as a core competency in the professional development of your legal teams.

By prioritizing and providing data literacy training, you empower your legal team to embrace new technologies, foster collaboration, and drive innovation. Your leadership can help your organization confidently emerge as a trailblazer in the AI era.

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Mack is also an award-winning (such as the prestigious ACC 2018 Top 10 30-Somethings and ABA 2022 Women of Legal Tech) general counsel, operations professional, startup advisor, public speaker, adjunct professor, and entrepreneur. She co-founded SunLaw, an organization dedicated to preparing women in-house attorneys to become general counsels and legal leaders, and WISE to help female law firm partners become rainmakers.

She has authored numerous books, including *Get on Board: Earning Your Ticket to a Corporate Board Seat*, *Fundamentals of Smart Contract Security* and *Blockchain Value: Transforming Business Models, Society, and Communities*. She is working on her next books: *Visual IQ for Lawyers* (ABA 2024), *The Rise of Product Lawyers: An Analytical Framework to Systematically Advise Your Clients Throughout the Product Lifecycle* (Globe Law and Business 2024), and *Legal Operations in the Age of AI and Data* (Globe Law and Business 2024).